

WIGLEYS

The Greatest Name in Goody-Land



YOU know the realm of childhood dreams is a land of sweets.

Make some of those dreams a delightful reality by taking home **WRIGLEYS** frequently.

How about tonight?

SEALED TIGHT
KEPT RIGHT

The Flavor Lasts!

WRIGLEY'S DOUBLEMINT
WRIGLEY'S JUICY FRUIT

Grow Wheat in Western Canada

One Crop Often Pays for the Land



Western Canada offers the greatest advantages to home seekers. Large profits are assured. You can buy on easy payment terms.

Fertile Land at \$15 to \$30 per Acre

Land similar to that which through many years has averaged from 20 to 45 bushels of wheat to the acre and is available in Western Canada at a single crop has paid the cost of land and production. The Government of the Dominion and Province of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta are anxious to encourage the farmer to prosper, and extend every possible encouragement and help to Grain Growing and Stock Raising.

Though Western Canada offers land at such low figures, the high prices of grain, cattle, sheep and hogs will remain. Loans for the purchase of stock may be had at low interest; there are good shipping facilities; best of markets; free schools; churches; splendid climate; low tax on improvements; and the farmer to prosper, and extend every possible encouragement and help to Grain Growing and Stock Raising.

For particulars as to location of lands for sale, lease, illustrated literature, reduced railway rates, etc., apply to Dept. of Immigration, Ottawa, Can.

F. H. HEWITT, 1012 Main Street, KANSAS CITY, MO.

Canadian Government Agent

No Doubt of it. "Did Jones get any damages in that assault case?" "Did he? You ought to have seen his face."

RECIPE FOR GRAY HAIR.

To half pint of water add 1 oz. Bay Rum, a small box of Barbo Compound and 3/4 oz. of glycerine. Any drugist can put this up for you. You can mix it at home at very little cost. Full directions for making and use come in each box of Barbo Compound. It will gradually darken streaked, faded gray hair, and make it soft and glossy. It will not color the scalp, is not sticky or greasy, and does not rub off.—Adv.

The first paper mill in New England was established by Daniel Henshman, born in Boston 230 years ago.

Mother Gray's Powders Benefit Many Children

Thousands of Mothers have found **MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS** an excellent remedy for children complaining of Headaches, Colds, Constipation, Feverishness, Stomach Troubles and Bowel Irregularities. Children who suffer at this season. These powders are easy and pleasant to take and excellent results are accomplished by their use. Used by Mothers for over 30 years. Sold by Druggists everywhere. Trial package FREE. Address, THE MOTHER GRAY CO., Le Roy, N. Y.

SAFE, GENTLE REMEDY CLEANSSES YOUR KIDNEYS

For centuries GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil has been a standard household remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and stomach trouble, and all diseases connected with the urinary organs. The kidneys and bladder are the most important organs of the body. They are the filters, the purifiers of your blood. If the poisons which enter your system through the blood and stomach are not entirely thrown out by the kidneys and bladder, you are doomed. Weariness, sleeplessness, nervousness, dizziness, backache, stomach trouble, headache, pain in loins and lower abdomen, gall stones, gravel, difficulty when urinating, cloudy and bloody urine, rheumatism, sciatica and lumbago, all warn you to look after your kidneys and bladder. All these indicate some weakness of the kidneys or other organs or that the enemy microbes which are always present in your system have attacked your weak spots. GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules are what you need.

They are not a "patent medicine," nor a "new discovery." For 200 years they

have been a standard household remedy. They are the pure, original imported Haarlem Oil your great-grandmother used, and are perfectly harmless. The healing, soothing oil soaks into the cells and lining of the kidneys and through the bladder, driving out the poisonous germs. New life, fresh strength and health will come as you continue the treatment. When completely restored to your usual vigor, continue taking a capsule or two each day; they will keep you in condition and prevent a return of the disease.

Do not delay a minute. Delays are especially dangerous in kidney and bladder trouble. All druggists sell GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules. They will refund the money if not as represented. GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules are imported direct from the laboratories in Holland. They are prepared in correct quantity and convenient form, are easy to take and are positively guaranteed to give prompt relief. In three sizes, sealed packages. Ask for the original imported GOLD MEDAL. Accept no substitutes.—Adv.

LIVE STOCK

REDUCING COST IN FEEDING

Farm By-Products Can Be Used More Extensively to Reduce Cost of Cattle Rations.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

That it is possible to feed beef cows in the corn belt more economically during the winter is shown by a report of United States department of agriculture investigators who made a study of winter feeding costs on five representative farms in that section. This reduction in the cost of feeding is possible without detriment to the cows or calves through larger use of farm by-products in the rations.

Avoid feeding excessively, avoid costly rations, use more cheap roughages, such as straw and corn stover, feed silage where conditions make it more economical than corn fodder.

The first farm used as an example is in east central Iowa. The breeding herd consisted of a grade bull and 22 grade cows, from which 20 calves were obtained. The cows were given excessive amounts of high-priced feed for both of the years for which records were procured, says the bulletin.

They were turned on stalks November 15. Winter feeding began a few days later and lasted until May 1, when the cows were again turned on pasture. During the 165-day interval each cow received the following:

Stalks.....1 1/2 acres at \$11 an acre.
Fodder.....2 1/2 acres, at \$5 an acre.
Mixed hay.....3/4 ton, at \$10 a ton.
Corn.....2 bus. at \$0.65 a bu.

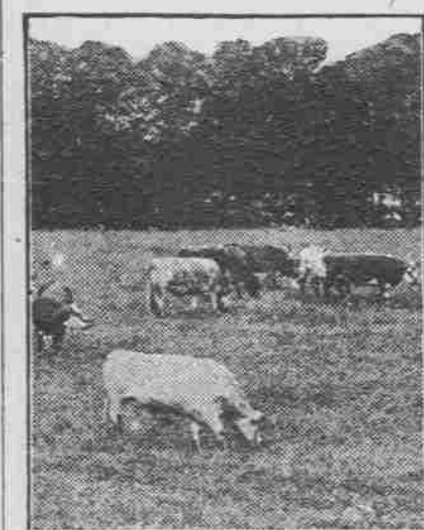
As the average yield of corn on this farm was 50 bushels to the acre, and as the best corn was cut for fodder, the cows, considering the corn in the fodder and the additional grain fed, received a total of 22 bushels per head. This is almost a fattening ration. If the corn had been husked from the fodder and only the stover fed, there would have been sufficient roughage for the cows. Estimating that three-fourths of a ton of stover was eaten per acre of stalks and that the stover from the fodder fed would go two tons to the acre, and allowing the cows three bushels of corn each during the winter instead of 22, they would receive the following daily ration:

Stover.....30.6 pounds
Mixed hay.....8.0 pounds
Corn.....1.6 pound

This ration would be sufficient for their needs.

By merely eliminating the excessive amount of corn (19 bushels) from the ration a saving of \$11.40 could have been made and the feed bill reduced very nearly one-half, or from \$24 to \$12.60 per cow.

Rations on the fifth farm inspected by the investigators are pronounced very satisfactory. This farm (240 acres) is in northeastern Kansas. Seventy acres were in corn, 25 in oats, 25 in wheat, and 100 in pasture. Because of the unusual rainy weather



Beef Cattle on Pasture.

prevailing in that section the oats and wheat for the year in which the record was taken were practically destroyed and the straw was absolutely worthless for feeding. To provide for a lack of hay 15 acres of millet and four of sorghum were grown.

The herd consisted of a bull and 15 grade cows, from which 15 calves were obtained. The cows were turned on stalks November 1 and allowed to run there until spring. They received approximately three acres of stalks, one ton of millet hay, and one-third of a ton of sorghum fodder each. Valuing the millet at \$4.50 a ton and the sorghum at \$4 a ton, the winter feed cost per cow was \$8.20. The cows were carried through the entire year for a net cost of \$25.85.

GOOD QUALITIES OF SHEEP

They Compare Favorably With Other Animals in Economy of Production.—Keep Weeds Down.

Sheep can be made profitable on high-priced land. It is said, as British experience shows. They compare favorably with other animals in economy of production. They require a minimum of expensive concentrated feeds. They exceed the larger animals in the rate of maturity; lambs can be made ready for market at from four to six months. They make possible the economical and fuller use of labor. They are of assistance in keeping the farms free from weeds. The sheep farm is usually a weedless farm.

Profit in Beef Calves.

Those who have considerable pasture land might find it profitable to raise a few calves every year of the beef type.

Wintering Brood Sows.

The two principal essentials in wintering brood sows are to give them plenty of bulky feed and plenty of exercise.

Beef Cattle in Demand.

Beef cattle are scarce and doubtless will bring higher prices.

ROAD BUILDING

ROAD BUILDERS ARE NEEDED

Opportunities for Returned Soldiers—Both Skilled and Unskilled Labor Required.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

In response to requests for information, the bureau of public roads of the United States department of agriculture has collected from the highway departments of the various states figures indicating the profitable number of returned soldiers and sailors that can be used during 1919 in road construction and repair work. Of the 38 states replying only 20 gave definite figures. They report they can use 11,637 soldiers and sailors as skilled laborers, and 91,904 as unskilled. Under the head of skilled labor the state highway departments were asked to report on the requirements for masons, carpenters, quarry bosses, concrete finishers, road foremen, roller men and superintendents. Unskilled laborers were not separated into classes.

The states that have thus far given definite figures, with the estimated number of men that may be used, are: Alabama, skilled 60, unskilled 1,000; Arizona, skilled 48, unskilled 100; Colorado, unskilled 1,250; Connecticut, skilled and unskilled, 4,000; Delaware, skilled 100; unskilled 1,000; Florida, skilled 685; unskilled 4,315; Georgia, skilled and unskilled, 4,000; Idaho, unskilled 200; Illinois, skilled 2,500, unskilled 15,000; Kansas, skilled 1,000; unskilled 4,800; Kentucky, skilled 826; unskilled 3,000; Louisiana, skilled 110, unskilled 1,000; Maine, skilled 100; unskilled 1,000; Massachusetts, skilled 150; unskilled 2,000; Michigan, skilled 300, unskilled 2,500; Minnesota, skilled 1,200, unskilled 4,800; Mississippi, skilled and unskilled, 2,000; Montana, skilled 104, unskilled 644; Nebraska, skilled 287, unskilled 2,250; Nevada, skilled 35, unskilled 265; New Hampshire, skilled 332, unskilled 1,000; New

York, skilled 1,400, unskilled 7,000; Oregon, skilled 270, unskilled 2,430; Rhode Island, skilled 50, unskilled 450; South Carolina, unskilled 1,500; Virginia, skilled 900, unskilled 5,100; Washington, skilled and unskilled, 2,000; West Virginia, skilled 700, unskilled 9,300; Wisconsin, skilled 600, unskilled 7,500.

The state agricultural college may be in a position to assist in looking up pedigrees and records and always should be consulted. As soon as the money can be provided for the purpose, it is advisable for the association to obtain a set of "Advanced Register" or "Register of Merit" books and, if possible, a set of breed-registry books of the breed used, both of which are valuable for reference to all the members of the association. Information in regard to the cost of "Advanced Register" and breed-registry books may be obtained from the breed associations as follows:

American Jersey Cattle club, 324 West Twenty-third street, New York, N. Y.

American Guernsey Cattle club, Petersburg, N. H.

Holstein-Friesian Association of America, Brattleboro, Vt.

Ayrshire Breeders' association, Brantford, Vt.

Brown-Swiss Cattle Breeders' association, Beloit, Wis.

In choosing the bulls careful attention should be given to the line of

breeding represented in their pedigrees. Efforts should be made to select bulls that have the same family lines in order that line breeding may be practiced when the bulls are exchanged. Before the bulls are finally purchased plenty of time should be given to selecting the line of breeding desired.

Although records of production are of great importance, it is very necessary also that the bulls selected have plenty of strength, great vigor and good body conformation. If the members are not experienced in buying cattle, it is well to ask the state agricultural college for advice and assistance in making the selection.

In buying bulls special care should be taken to see that the animals chosen are healthy and especially that they are free from the infection of either tuberculosis or contagious abortion. If possible the bulls should be purchased from herds accredited by the bureau of animal industry as being free from tuberculosis. A list of such herds may be obtained from the bureau. If it is impossible to buy from an accredited herd purchase from a breeder who will furnish satisfactory evidence that the animals have passed the tuberculin test and have never reacted to that test.

Freshen Cows in Fall.

When the milk is sold to a whole-milk market, it may be more profitable to have the cows freshen in the fall, since prices for whole milk are usually higher in winter.

Keep Cows in Barn.

Keep cows in the barn during bad weather. Water at least twice a day.

Brush Cows Weekly.

Cows should be brushed once a week at least.

Handling Potatoes.

Potatoes should be handled carefully and not as though they were cobblestones. The potato is a living thing, with a protective skin, which it is able to keep intact if it has a fair chance.

Good Garden is Big Asset.

Useful for Fresh Vegetables and Surplus May Be Stored for Use During Winter.

A good garden is very useful for fresh vegetables. Where there is a surplus the vegetables may be stored and saved for future use. In this way you may have nice vegetables, easily and quickly served in winter. The result will be better and cheaper living from the farm.

An Inch of Rain.

An inch of rain coming down on a single acre of ground would fill more than 600 barrels of 45 gallons capacity each. This amount of water would weigh more than 110 tons, or nearly a quarter of a million pounds.

Handling Potatoes.

Potatoes should be handled carefully and not as though they were cobblestones. The potato is a living thing, with a protective skin, which it is able to keep intact if it has a fair chance.

Good Garden is Big Asset.

Useful for Fresh Vegetables and Surplus May Be Stored for Use During Winter.

A good garden is very useful for fresh vegetables. Where there is a surplus the vegetables may be stored and saved for future use. In this way you may have nice vegetables, easily and quickly served in winter. The result will be better and cheaper living from the farm.

An Inch of Rain.

An inch of rain coming down on a single acre of ground would fill more than 600 barrels of 45 gallons capacity each. This amount of water would weigh more than 110 tons, or nearly a quarter of a million pounds.

Handling Potatoes.

Potatoes should be handled carefully and not as though they were cobblestones. The potato is a living thing, with a protective skin, which it is able to keep intact if it has a fair chance.

DAIRY FACTS

PROPER SELECTION OF BULL

One of the Most Important Considerations for Improvement of Herd—Look to Records.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Since the use of meritorious purebred bulls is the means by which members of a bull association expect to improve their live stock, one of the many important considerations is the selection of the bulls. Such bulls improve the herds, and the association interest increases in proportion to the improvement obtained. On the other hand, poor bulls cause the interest to decrease accordingly. If a poor dairy bull is used the milk production of the members' herds is greatly reduced, the interest is lessened, and these conditions may lead to the breaking up of the association. Unfortunately, an excellent dairy bull can be selected with certainty only when his daughters' records are known.

Such a tried or tested bull can be depended upon with great certainty to show improvement in the herds in the bull association. The owner of a tried bull, however, usually knows the record of the animal's daughters and rightfully asks a high price for him. The high cost often makes the members hesitate to purchase such bulls for the association, and instead they buy younger and untried bulls whose ancestors have made good production records. No bulls should be purchased for an association except from one of these two classes. Considering the records of ancestors, the most important are those of the sire and dam. In the case of the sire, production record is taken as the average of all his daughters' records. Very often the records of some of the ancestors are lacking, but every effort should be made to obtain bulls whose ancestors in the first two generations have an average yearly record of at least 400 pounds of butterfat at maturity.

The state agricultural college may be in a position to assist in looking up pedigrees and records and always should be consulted. As soon as the money can be provided for the purpose, it is advisable for the association to obtain a set of "Advanced Register" or "Register of Merit" books and, if possible, a set of breed-registry books of the breed used, both of which are valuable for reference to all the members of the association. Information in regard to the cost of "Advanced Register" and breed-registry books may be obtained from the breed associations as follows:

American Jersey Cattle club, 324 West Twenty-third street, New York, N. Y.

American Guernsey Cattle club, Petersburg, N. H.

Holstein-Friesian Association of America, Brattleboro, Vt.

Ayrshire Breeders' association, Brantford, Vt.

Brown-Swiss Cattle Breeders' association, Beloit, Wis.

In choosing the bulls careful attention should be given to the line of

breeding represented in their pedigrees. Efforts should be made to select bulls that have the same family lines in order that line breeding may be practiced when the bulls are exchanged. Before the bulls are finally purchased plenty of time should be given to selecting the line of breeding desired.

Although records of production are of great importance, it is very necessary also that the bulls selected have plenty of strength, great vigor and good body conformation. If the members are not experienced in buying cattle, it is well to ask the state agricultural college for advice and assistance in making the selection.

In buying bulls special care should be taken to see that the animals chosen are healthy and especially that they are free from the infection of either tuberculosis or contagious abortion. If possible the bulls should be purchased from herds accredited by the bureau of animal industry as being free from tuberculosis. A list of such herds may be obtained from the bureau. If it is impossible to buy from an accredited herd purchase from a breeder who will furnish satisfactory evidence that the animals have passed the tuberculin test and have never reacted to that test.

Freshen Cows in Fall.

When the milk is sold to a whole-milk market, it may be more profitable to have the cows freshen in the fall, since prices for whole milk are usually higher in winter.

Keep Cows in Barn.

Keep cows in the barn during bad weather. Water at least twice a day.

Brush Cows Weekly.

Cows should be brushed once a week at least.

Handling Potatoes.

Potatoes should be handled carefully and not as though they were cobblestones. The potato is a living thing, with a protective skin, which it is able to keep intact if it has a fair chance.

Good Garden is Big Asset.

Useful for Fresh Vegetables and Surplus May Be Stored for Use During Winter.

A good garden is very useful for fresh vegetables. Where there is a surplus the vegetables may be stored and saved for future use. In this way you may have nice vegetables, easily and quickly served in winter. The result will be better and cheaper living from the farm.

An Inch of Rain.

An inch of rain coming down on a single acre of ground would fill more than 600 barrels of 45 gallons capacity each. This amount of water would weigh more than 110 tons, or nearly a quarter of a million pounds.

Handling Potatoes.

Potatoes should be handled carefully and not as though they were cobblestones. The potato is a living thing, with a protective skin, which it is able to keep intact if it has a fair chance.

Good Garden is Big Asset.

Useful for Fresh Vegetables and Surplus May Be Stored for Use During Winter.

A good garden is very useful for fresh vegetables. Where there is a surplus the vegetables may be stored and saved for future use. In this way you may have nice vegetables, easily and quickly served in winter. The result will be better and cheaper living from the farm.

An Inch of Rain.

An inch of rain coming down on a single acre of ground would fill more than 600 barrels of 45 gallons capacity each. This amount of water would weigh more than 110 tons, or nearly a quarter of a million pounds.

Handling Potatoes.

Potatoes should be handled carefully and not as though they were cobblestones. The potato is a living thing, with a protective skin, which it is able to keep intact if it has a fair chance.

Good Garden is Big Asset.

Useful for Fresh Vegetables and Surplus May Be Stored for Use During Winter.

A good garden is very useful for fresh vegetables. Where there is a surplus the vegetables may be stored and saved for future use. In this way you may have nice vegetables, easily and quickly served in winter. The result will be better and cheaper living from the farm.

An Inch of Rain.

An inch of rain coming down on a single acre of ground would fill more than 600 barrels of 45 gallons capacity each. This amount of water would weigh more than 110 tons, or nearly a quarter of a million pounds.

The Mother of Eight and Never had a Doctor

Reared Her Family

WITH SIMPLE HOME REMEDY

An American Mother Beats Them All

There are few families in which the record of Mrs. Gustave Koch, Box 24, Kewick, Keokuk County, Iowa, has been surpassed. Not in the fact that she raised a family of eight is her story remarkable. Thousands of families are larger. The history of the Koch family is unique in that the mother, with all her loving care, planned her faith to a simple home remedy and never had a doctor for her children. Here is what she says: "Peruna has done my children good. I have a family of eight and never had a doctor, only your medicine. We all think Peruna a splendid tonic." So far as we have learned, Peruna is the only known remedy for which such a wonderful claim can be made. Like Mrs. Koch, there are thousands upon thousands of mothers who place their entire dependence upon Peruna. That Peruna has merited this confidence is attested by the words

HORSE SALE DISTEMPER

You know that when you sell or buy through the sales you have about one chance in fifty to escape DISTEMPER. "SPOHN'S" is your true protection, your only safeguard, for as sure as you treat your horses with it, you will soon be rid of the disease. It acts as a sure preventive, no matter how they are "exposed." 40 cents and \$1.15 the bottle. \$5.00 and \$15.00 the dozen. Delivered by the manufacturers.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Mfrs., Goshen, Ind., U. S. A.

Fifty-Fifty.

The speaker was quite wealthy himself—also very patriotic. He urged the children to save their pennies to help the soldiers. Finally as a climax he told of his own son in camp. At the close of his speech a lot came forward with a dime. "Here's some money," he said in a voice loud enough for every one to hear. "Half is for your boy and the other half for you."

There is one redeeming feature about a chronic borrower; he never strikes a man when he is down.

Some people forget that a failure is a man who has at least tried.

His Reason.

Ascum—There goes poor old Peck. I understand he took up dentistry after he was married. Strange thing to do, wasn't it?

Tellum—Not at all. He told me he wanted to be in a position to do all the talking himself at least part of the day.

Often So.

"Who is the comptroller of the currency, pa?"

"Your mother is of mine."

Don't forget that the cheerful loser is a sort of winner.—William H. Taft

"Bayer Tablets of Aspirin"

Successor to Quinine

For Colds, Grippe, Influenza Colds

No Discomfort! No Head-buzzing! No Distress!

Millions of people take "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" as the best means to prevent as well as to overcome Colds, Grippe and Influenza Colds—being far more efficient than quinine. Besides relief comes without discomfort or distress.

"The Master of Colds"—Dependable!

Adults—Take one or two "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" with water. If necessary, repeat dose three times a day, after meals.

"Bayer Tablets of Aspirin"

Buy only the original "Bayer packages." Look for the safety "Bayer Cross" always. 20 cent package—also larger packages.

Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monocetioicacidester of Salicylicacid

Owned by Americans Entirely.

Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monocetioicacidester of Salicylicacid

Acid-Stomach Ruins Health of Millions

Besides those painful attacks of indigestion, that awful bloated, lumpy feeling after eating and downright stomach misery that you who have experienced it know so well; besides disgusting belching, food-repeating, sour stomach and distressing heartburn—besides all this, ACID-STOMACH undermines the health and saps the strength of millions.

If you don't get rid of those stomach miseries there is no telling where your stomach troubles will end, for it is a well known scientific fact that many serious ailments have their start in an acid-stomach.

Start now—this very day—to get rid of your stomach miseries. Take EATONIC—the wonderful remedy that absorbs the excess acid from the stomach and brings INSTANT relief. You simply have no idea how much better, stronger and brighter you feel at once. It drives out all the gas and bloot, puts an immediate stop to belching and heartburn.

Take EATONIC. It's good, just like a bit of candy and makes the stomach feel fine. You can then eat the things you like and, what is more, every mouthful you eat will count in creating power and energy. You'll feel so much better—have punch and pep—the power and will to do things and get results, and your stomach misery will be gone.

Take our advice. Get a big box of EATONIC from your druggist today. It costs so little. If it fails to remove your stomach distress, he will refund your money. That is guaranteed; you are to be satisfied or money refunded.

EATONIC

FOR YOUR ACID-STOMACH

First Tenement in New York